ARAPAHO LANGUAGE

If you want to study a language, you should be able to write it and devise an alphabet for the sounds of the language.

Arapaho has some sounds English doesn't. English has some sounds Arapaho doesn't.

(x: wox)

(r: rat)

ARAPAHO ALPHABET ---- 16 SYMBOLS

B C E H I K N O S 3 T U W X Y

CONSONANT STOPS:

B T C K

SEMI-STOP:

H

3

CONSONANT FRICATIVES:

S X H

YOWELS:

E I O U

SEMI-CONSONANTS

W Y

NASAL:

N

VOWEL COMBINATIONS:

A long vowel is a combination of two or more same vowels.

Example:

EE

II 00

UU

 000

UUU

DIPTHONG:

A dipthong is a combination of two or more different vowels.

Example:

El is the long A vowel sound as in day.

OE is the long I vowel sound as in pie.

<u>OU</u> is the long <u>O</u> vowel sound as in <u>glow</u>.

arapaho alphabet

PRONUNCIATION KEY ---- CONSONANTS

- **B**: is between the voiced **B** and the blown **P**. Usually more like a **B** at the beginning and middle of a syllable and more like a **P** at the end of the word.
- ${f C}:$ is between the voiced ${f J}$ and the blown ${f CH}.$ Usually more like a ${f J}$ at the beginning and middle of a syllable and more like a ${f CH}$ at the end of the word.
- **H:** is just breathed at either end of a syllable.
- \underline{K} : is between the voiced \underline{C} (as in gum) and the blown \underline{K} . Usually more like the voiced \underline{C} at the beginning and middle of a syllable and the blown \underline{K} at the end of a word.
- N: as in noon.
- \underline{S} : is always pronounced as in \underline{s} ing, and never like the \underline{Z} sound in tree \underline{s} or closet
- 3: as in three, thin, and bath.
- \underline{T} : is between the voiced \underline{D} and the blown \underline{T} . Usually more like the voiced \underline{D} at the beginning and middle of a syllable and the blown \underline{T} at the end of the word.

W: as in water.

- \underline{X} : is the sound not heard in English, but similar to the German Machen or the Greek \underline{X} I. To say the \underline{X} sound, start to say the \underline{K} sound, but breathe out hard enough to make the back of your throat (your glottis) vibrate a little.
- Y: as in yes and young, unless it is blown following **u** or **i**.
- : is called the glottal stop, and doesn't make a sound; it shows that the sound or breath is cut off suddenly.

ARAPAHO ALPHABET

B C E H I K N O S 3 T U W X Y

YOWELS (V): E I O U

CONSONANTS (C):

STOPS: B T C K

SEMI-STOP:

FRICATIVES: 3 S X H

MASAL:

SEMI-CONSONANTS: W Y

ACCENT: High level pitch with greater loudness over vowels, consonants, and vowel combinations. (not occurring in parentheses)

BE	BI	BO	(BU)
CE	CI	CO	(CU)
HE		HO	HU
KE	KI	KO	KU
NE	MI	NO	NU
SE	SI	SO	(SU)
3E	31	30	(3U)
TE		TO	TU
WE	WI	WO	WU
XE	XI	X0	(XU)
YE	YI	YO	(VU)
· E	4	'0	· U

ARAPAHO ALPHABET

B C E H I K N O S 3 T U W X Y

12 CONSONANTS AND 4 VOWELS

W	A	W	FI	S:
2	w	製品	B.B	_ الله

SNORT: E: nec water **Long:** EE: nees my husband

I: his liver II: hit here

0: ho3 arrow 00; toot where

ACCENT: Nowo' - fish Wono' - ankle

CONSONANTS:

	FIRST		DDLE	LAST
B	Be' - blood	Hebes		Neh - fish
G	Cec - year	Wookec	ii - cows	Neic - arrow
H	His - liver	Hohou	- thank you	Noh - and
K	Ketee? - Is it your heart	Nooku	- rabbit	Seenook - rope
N	Noon - egg	Wono'	- ankle	Yein - four
S	Sitee - fire	Siisiic	- duck	Niis - two
3	3io'tox - nine	He3ebii	- dogs	He3 - dog
T	Toot - where	Wote'	- hat	Hiit - here
W	Woow - now	Nowo'	- fish	Hitotiiw - his car
X	Xouu - skunk	Hixono	- bones	Wox - bear
Y	Yoo3on - five	Heeyoo'	- it is long	Ceesey - one
Ġ	'00 - yes	Wo'003	- leg	Hisi' - tick

ARAPANO ALPHABET

CONSONANT CLUSTERS:

H B Kuhhii3?

Did he eat it?

T S Betson

Elbow

H ' Biisnih'oo3oo

Monkey (hairy whiteman)

N. T 3oonteec

Crown of head

X H Woxhoox

Horse

H K Beihko'

Squash

VOWEL CLUSTERS:

E I Hoseino'

Meat

ll Hii

Snow

0 U Hohou

Thankyou

000 Hooo

Bed

0'000 Wo'000

Cat

E I Nei

My son (vocative)

O E Wo3onohoe

Paper

I O Hisio

His uncle

l E Wotie'noo

Clean it

EEE Niinebeh'eeet

Kingfisher

UUU Cih'oxuuu

Chips

ARAPANO ALPHABET

GRAMMAR - NOUN:

Dog He3

Dogs

He3ebii

My dog

Nete3ebiib

My dogs

Nete3ebiiwo'

Your dog

Hete3ebiib

Your dogs

Hete3ebiiwo'

His dog

Hite3ebiiw

His dogs

Hite3ebiiwo

On my dog

Nete3ebiibe'

On your dog

Hete3ebiibe'

On his dog

Hite3ebiibe'

VERB: (present tense)

I see you

Nonoohobe3en

I see him

Noncohowo'

I see you (pl.)

Nonoohobe3enee

You see me

Nonoohowun

You see him

Nonoohowot

You see us

Nonoohohei'een

You see them

Nonoohowotii

He sees him

Noncohowcot

He sees himself

Noncohobetit

ARAPAHO LANGUAGE (MORPHOLOGY)

1. CONSONANT AND SHORT VOWEL COMBINATION

Nebi

My older sister

Nesi

My uncle

Bexo (pi)

Wood

Nisice

Antelope

Hixono

Bones

2. CONSONANT AND LONG YOWEL COMBINATION

Micii

River

Neecee

Chief

Ceetee

Smoke

Heeniii

Ants

Biisee

Bug

Siisoowoo

Tobacco

Hoocoo

Devil

3. CONSONANT WITH A SHORT AND LONG YOWEL COMBINATION (A) SHORT-LONG

Sitee

Fire (fire place)

Betee

Heart

Betii

Mouth

Woxuu(pl.) Bears

Notoo (voc.) My daughter

(B) Long - Short

Wooxe

Knife

300xe

Glove

(C) Short - Short - Long

Hebesii

Beavers

Hite300

Crane

Tecenoo

Door

Cehitee

Grease (gas-oil)

He3ebii

Dogs

(D) Short - Long - Long)

Heneecee

Buffalo bull

Woxuusoo

Bear cub

Bexookee

Cougar

(E) Long - Short - Short

Miltoni

Hear me

(F) Long - Short - Long

Beenenoo

l am drinking

(6) Short - Short - Long - Long

Nebesiiwoo

Grandfather (voc.)