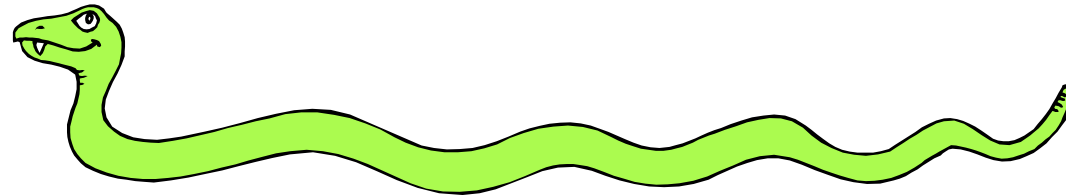

Dictionaries



Dictionaries

- **Mutable** (like lists, unlike numbers, strings and tuples)
- **Unordered** collection of arbitrary objects
- Accessed by **key**, not offset
- Variable length, heterogeneous, arbitrarily nestable

Basic Syntax for Dictionaries 1

- Dictionaries store a mapping between a set of keys and a set of values.
 - Keys can be any immutable type.
 - Values can be any type, and you can have different types of values in the same dictionary.
- You can define, modify, view, lookup, and delete the key-value pairs in the dictionary.

Basic Syntax for Dictionaries 2

```
>>> d = { 'user' : 'bozo' , 'pswd' :1234 }
```

```
>>> d[ 'user' ]  
'bozo'
```

```
>>> d[ 'pswd' ]  
1234
```

```
>>> d[ 'bozo' ]
```

```
Traceback (innermost last):
```

```
  File '<interactive input>' line 1, in ?
```

```
KeyError: bozo
```

Basic Syntax for Dictionaries 3

```
>>> d = { 'user' : 'bozo' , 'pswd' :1234 }
```

```
>>> d[ 'user' ] = 'clown'
```

```
>>> d
```

```
{ 'user' : 'clown' , 'pswd' :1234 }
```

Note: Keys are unique.

Assigning to an existing key just replaces its value.

```
>>> d[ 'id' ] = 45
```

```
>>> d
```

```
{ 'user' : 'clown' , 'id' :45, 'pswd' :1234 }
```

Note: Dictionaries are unordered.

New entry might appear anywhere in the output.

Basic Syntax for Dictionaries 4

```
>>> d = { 'user' : 'bozo' , 'p' :1234, 'i' :34 }
```

```
>>> del d[ 'user' ] # Remove one.
```

```
>>> d  
{ 'p' :1234, 'i' :34 }
```

```
>>> d.clear() # Remove all.
```

```
>>> d  
{ }
```

Basic Syntax for Dictionaries 5

```
>>> d = { 'user' : 'bozo' , 'p' :1234, 'i' :34 }
```

```
>>> d.keys() # List of keys.  
[ 'user' , 'p' , 'i' ]
```

```
>>> d.values() # List of values.  
[ 'bozo' , 1234 , 34 ]
```

```
>>> d.items() # List of item tuples.  
[ ('user' , 'bozo') , ('p' ,1234) , ('i' ,34) ]
```

Basic Syntax for Dictionaries 6

```
>>> d = { 'user' : 'bozo' , 'p' :1234, 'i' :34 }
```

```
>>> len(d) # length of keys.  
3
```

```
>>> d.values() # List of values.  
[ 'bozo' , 1234 , 34 ]
```

```
>>> d.items() # List of item tuples.  
[ ('user' , 'bozo' ) , ('p' ,1234) , ('i' ,34) ]
```

Can't concatenate (+), but can combine

```
>>> d = { 'user' : 'bozo' , 'p' :1234 , 'i' :34 }
```

```
>>> d1 = { 'class' : 'syntax' , 'room' : 'ecme107' ,  
         'i' :55 }
```

```
>>> d.update(d1) # List of values.
```

How many entries does 'd' have?

What's the value of 'i'?

Can't concatenate (+), but can combine

```
>>> d = { 'user' : 'bozo' , 'p' :1234 , 'i' :34 }
```

```
>>> d1 = { 'class' : 'syntax' , 'room' : 'ecme107' ,  
         'i' :55 }
```

```
>>> d.update(d1) # List of values.
```

What's the value of 'i'?

Dictionary keys are unique!

List dictionary conversion

■ List to dictionary

```
>>> li = [['Chinese', 10000], ['English',  
20000]]
```

```
>>> di = dict(li)
```

■ Dictionary to list

```
>>> di.keys()
```

```
>>> di.values()
```

```
>>> di.items()
```

Exercise

- How do you print the keys and values of a dictionary?

Exercise

- Find a file, list the words in that file with their frequency